

# Pseudo-symplectic methods for stochastic Hamiltonian systems

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## Abstract

Consider the stochastic autonomous Hamiltonian system in the sense of Stratonovich

$$dP_t^i = -\frac{\partial H_0}{\partial Q_t^i} dt - \sum_{r=1}^d \frac{\partial H_r}{\partial Q_t^i} \circ dw_t^r, \quad dQ_t^i = \frac{\partial H_0}{\partial P_t^i} dt + \sum_{r=1}^d \frac{\partial H_r}{\partial P_t^i} \circ dw_t^r, \quad (1)$$

where  $P_0 = p$ ,  $Q_0 = q$ ,  $P$ ,  $Q$ ,  $p$ ,  $q$  are  $n$ -dimensional column vectors, and  $w_t^r$ ,  $r = 1, \dots, n$  are independent standard Wiener processes. The flow  $\phi_t(p, q) = (P_t(p, q), Q_t(p, q))^T$  of (1) preserves the symplectic structure [3]:

$$\left( \frac{\partial \phi_t}{\partial y_0} \right)^T J \left( \frac{\partial \phi_t}{\partial y_0} \right) = J, \quad J = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & I \\ -I & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad y_0 = (p, q)^T. \quad (2)$$

Numerical simulations over a long time interval show that symplectic numerical schemes give more accurate approximations for the solutions of stochastic Hamiltonian systems [3]. Several strong and weak symplectic schemes were proposed [3], [1], but unless we consider special stochastic Hamiltonian systems, symplectic schemes are implicit [3]. However, particularly in large Monte Carlo simulations, explicit schemes are desirable in terms of computing time.

For stochastic Hamiltonian systems with additive noise, explicit pseudo-symplectic methods are constructed in [4], and they show good performance for long time computations. In [4] a pseudo-symplectic numerical method  $y_1 = \Phi_h(y_0)$ , with time step  $h$ , of mean-square order  $(M, N)$ ,  $N > M$  is defined as a method of mean square order  $M$  that satisfies

$$\left( E \left\| \left( \frac{\partial \Phi_h}{\partial y_0} \right)^T J \left( \frac{\partial \Phi_h}{\partial y_0} \right) - J \right\|^2 \right)^{1/2} = \mathcal{O}(h^{N+1}). \quad (3)$$

We extend the approach used in the deterministic case [2], and we construct explicit pseudo-symplectic schemes in the strong and weak sense for the general stochastic Hamiltonian system (1). We illustrate the properties of these methods through several numerical experiments.

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## References

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